Amundi Investment Institute

Weekly Market Directions



Trust must be earned



"Gold prices should remain supported by demand for safe-haven assets, amid a threat of trade war, tariffs and their economic fallout."

Monica Defend Head of Amundi Investment Institute

Gold at a time of tariffs and trade war

President Trump's announcements of tariffs on 'Liberation day' has initiated a sort of a trade war. China has responded with its own tariffs on US goods.

Tariffs on imports into the US are likely to hit the country's growth and inflame inflationary pressures in the near term.

The ensuing uncertainty around economic activity implies that the demand for the metal will stay supported, although it may not be linear.

Gold touched new high in April this year

on Trump's tariff measures



Source: Amundi Investment Institute, Bloomberg as at 4 April 2025. US\$/troy ounce President Trump pushed the US tariffs rate to the highest in over a century and has triggered retaliation by China. In this uncertain backdrop, gold stands out as one of the few stable assets. Recently gold prices hit new highs at \$3134/ounce on 2 April as Trump announced new tariffs on its major trading partners. He outlined a 10% baseline tariff on all imports, with higher rates on countries running trade surpluses (excess of exports over imports) with the US. These regions include the EU, China, and most Asian countries. Over the past few years, gold price moved up due to geopolitical tensions, high government debt, monetary policy actions and inflation concerns. While the price has moved below the peak reached in the month earlier, gold is still appealing amid ongoing uncertainty.

Actionable ideas



Uncertainty around economic prospects and high geopolitical tensions support the case for safe-haven assets such as gold.

Multi-asset investing

Risks to economic growth and inflation concerns in the near term call for a balanced and diversified approach that could include bonds, gold, and quality risky assets.*

This week at a glance

Equities suffered from the impact of President Trump's tariffs announcements, causing a decline in all major indices. Amid concerns over the fallout of these tariffs on economic growth, bond yields fell. In commodities, oil prices fell following the OPEC+ decision to raise output, but the yen was up for the week.



10% -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% Please refer to the last page for additional information on the indices

			2YR		10YR	
Government		US	3,66	▼	4,00	▼
bond yields		Germany	1,82	▼	2,58	▼
2 and 10-year government bond yields, and 1 week change		France	1,99	▼	3,33	▼
		Italy	2,15	▼	3,77	▼
		UK	3,93	▼	4,45	•
	•	Japan	0,63	•	1,19	•

Source: Bloomberg, data as at 4April 2025.

Please refer to the last page for additional information on the indices.

Trend represented refers to 1 week changes. Please refer to the last page for additional information

Commodities, FX and short term rates, levels and weekly changes										
Gold	다 Crude Oil	€S EUR/	QS USD/	GBP/	OSD/	Euribor	T-Bill			
USD/oz	USD/barrel	USD	JPY	USD	RMB	3M	3M			
3038,24	61,99	1,10	146,93	1,29	7,28	2,32	4,25			
-1,5%	-10,6%	+1,2%	-1,9%	-0,4%	+0,3%					
Source:	Bloomberg, data	asat 4 April 2	2025.							

Please refer to the last page for additional information on the indices.



EZ retail sales, EZ sentix investor confidence

Apr

FOMC minutes, Reserve Bank of India policy

US ISM surveys show signs of weakness

Amundi Investment Institute Macro Focus



Americas

The US economy is slowing sharply but with upward pressure on prices. The ISM Manufacturing purchasing managers' index (PMI) fell to 49 in March, indicating a contraction. Most of the subcomponents such as new orders and production declined, while prices rose sharply. The nonmanufacturing PMI also fell in March, indicating slower but resilient growth in the services sector

Eurozone (EZ) inflation slowed in March

Europe

Asia

In March 2025, annual inflation (CPI) in the eurozone slowed to 2.2%, down from 2.3% in February, This decline is primarily attributed to falling energy prices and a moderation in services inflation. Core inflation (CPI excluding food and energy) also eased to 2.4% in March. But these annual numbers hide some worrying monthly changes. Nonetheless, we expect, the ECB to cut rates later in the month.

Asia hit hard by steep US tariffs



US and China CPI, US labour markets, Japan PPI



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NOTES

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Equity and bond markets (chart)

Source: Bloomberg. Markets are represented by the following indices: World Equities = MSCI AC World Index (USD) United States = S&P 500 (USD), Europe = Europe Stoxx 600 (EUR), Japan = TOPIX (YEN), Emerging Markets = MSCI Emerging (USD), Global Aggregate = Bloomberg Global Aggregate USD Euro Aggregate = Bloomberg Euro Aggregate (EUR), Emerging = JPM EMBI Global Diversified (USD)

All indices are calculated on spot prices and are gross of fees and taxation.

Government bond yields (table), Commodities, FX and short-term rates.

Source: Bloomberg, data as of **4 April 2025.** The chart shows gold price in dollars.

Diversification does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss.

GLOSSARY

ECB: European Central Bank CPI: Consumer Price Index PMI: Purchasing Managers' Index PPI: Producer Price Index ISM: Institute for Supply Management index OPEC+: an organisation of largest petroleum exporting countries FOMC: Federal Open Market Committee YTD: Year to date

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